Brief Overview of Mental Health Therapy in Parkinson's Disease

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Outline





Overview of Mental Health Treatment
Cognitive Behavioral Therapy
Acceptance & Commitment Therapy
Biofeedback



Depression	33%

Anxiety 25-50%

Apathy 33%

Sleep disorders 64%

Psychosis 50%

Prevalent Psychiatric Symptoms in PD

6106



of PD patients report at least <u>1</u> neuropsychiatric symptom



Reduced health-related quality of life

Reflects an individual's experience of PD and effects of the disease and consequences on daily life

Increased risk for physical disability and decline in functional status

Increased caregiver burden and stress

Impact of Anxiety & Mood Symptoms



Medications

Benefit varies individually depending on symptom target Potential side effects



Social support

Activities with friends and family



Regular exercise



Complementary Therapies

Ex: acupuncture, supplements



Balanced nutrition



Mental health therapy

Establishing treatment with a therapist

Symptom Management Approaches



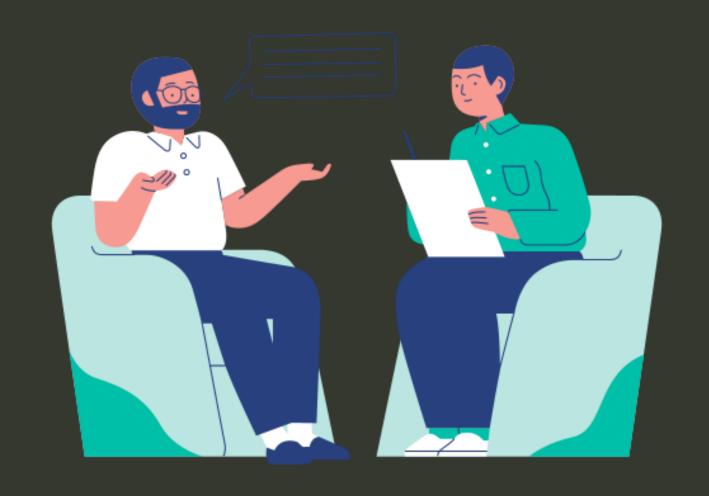


What is Mental Health Therapy?

"Talk therapy" aimed at understanding upsetting thoughts, emotions, and behaviors with a licensed mental health provider.



Diverse array of techniques to promote **healthy behaviors**, **communication**, **relationships**, **problem-solving**, and effective management of **mood symptoms**.



What is Cognitive Behavioral Therapy?

Form of treatment aimed at understanding upsetting thoughts, emotions, and behaviors

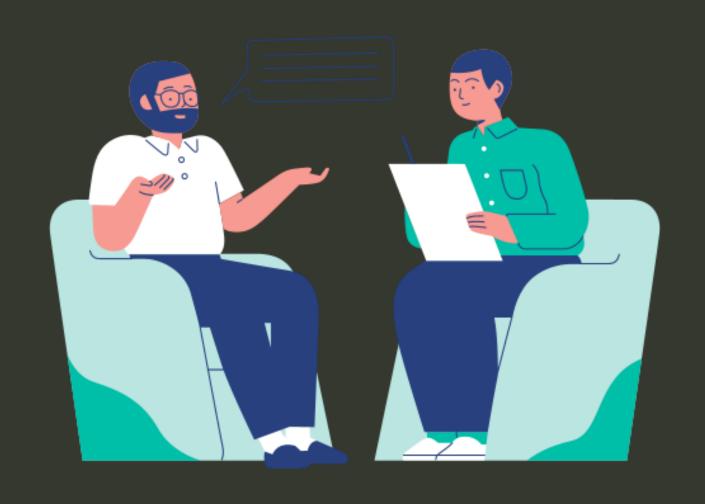
Cognitive Model



What does CBT look like in practice?

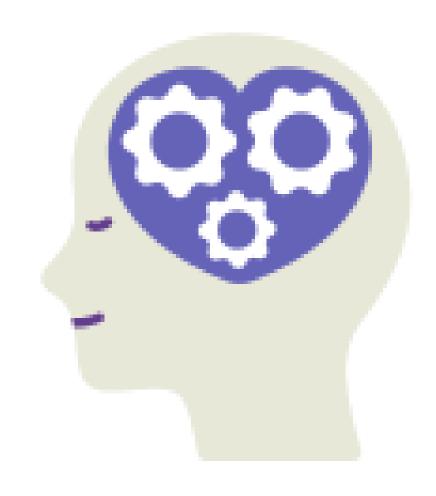
- Emphasis on current life > past life
- Capturing unhelpful thoughts
- Examining and understanding unhealthy patterns of behaviors
- Learning problem-solving skills
- Stress management skills to calm bodily reactions
- "Homework" assignments in between sessions





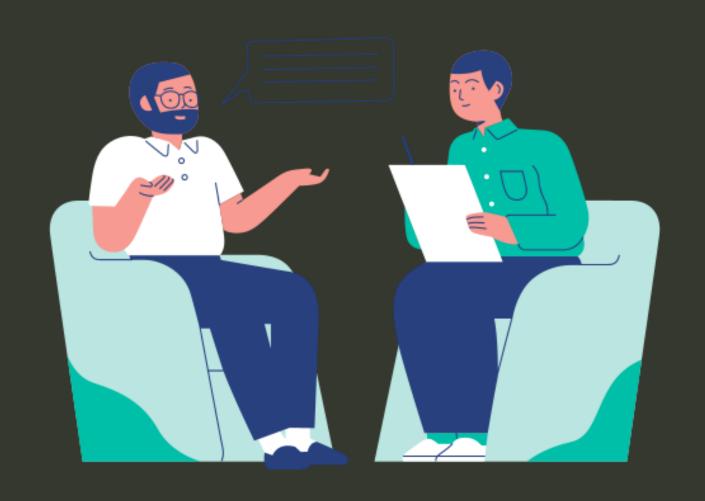
What is Acceptance & Commitment Therapy?

Form of treatment aimed at embracing upsetting thoughts and emotions while learning to practice self-acceptance



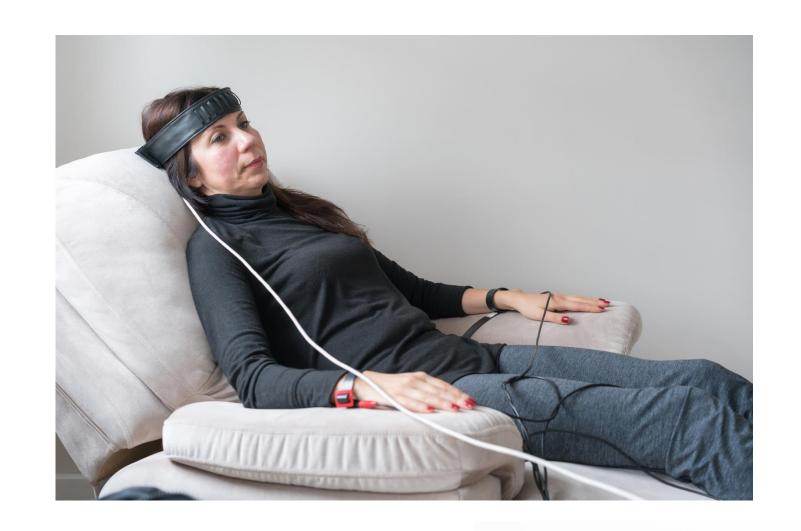


mindfulness-based therapy



What is Biofeedback Therapy?

Form of treatment aimed at learning how to control unconscious or involuntary bodily processes through real-time feedback







What does Biofeedback look like in practice?

• Connected to electrical sensors during a clinical visit to help you learn how to increase control of your body with real-time feedback (usually visual).



Heart Rate



Skin conductance (sweating)



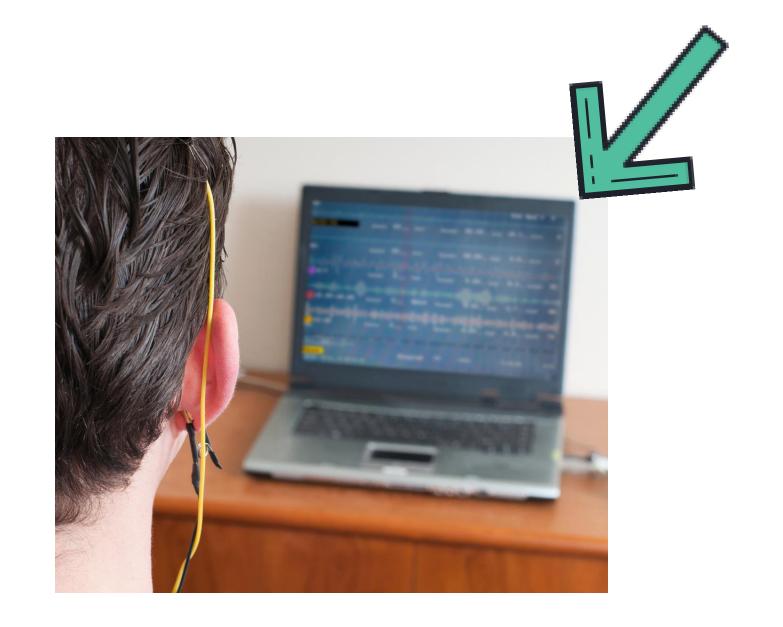
Breathing rate



Temperature



Muscle contractions





When should you consider Mental Health Therapy?

Anytime!



They can begin to help guide assessment and provide recommendations for mental health providers



Symptoms to Monitor

Sad mood
Sleep problems
Reduced/lack of interest
Thoughts of death
Chronic worry
Fatigue





Normal or Clinically Significant?

Persistent
Greater than expected for situation
Interference with daily activities
Family observations



What do I expect in Mental Health Therapy?



Starting Treatment

Assessment of emotional symptoms and functioning

Interplay between biology of PD and external stressors

Treatment expectations & goals

Explore preferences for focus of treatment

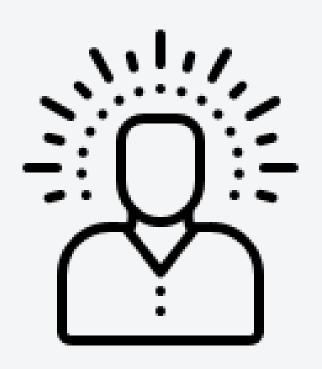
Determine match with therapist

Length of treatment

Family member involvement



Can Mental Health Therapy improve outcomes?

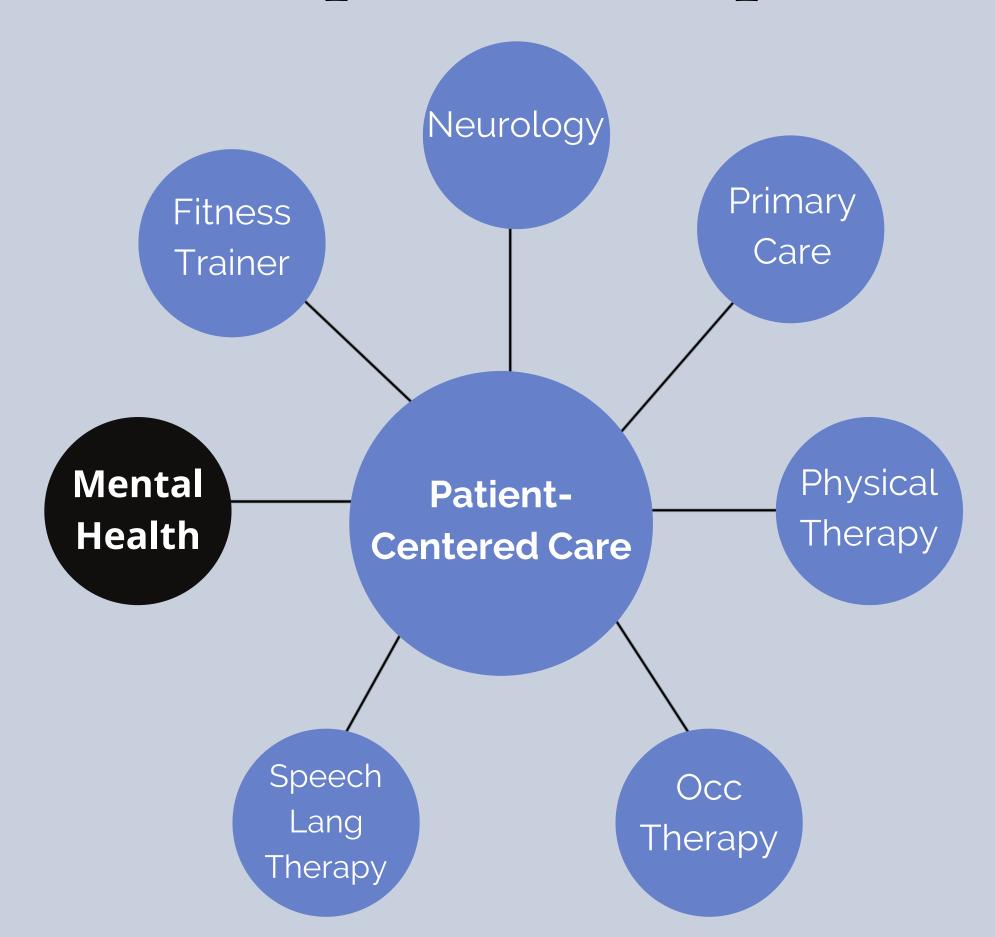


RESEARCH INDICATES THERAPY CAN LOWER ANXIETY AND DEPRESSION SYMPTOMS

Cognitive Behavioral Therapy
Acceptance and Commitment Therapy



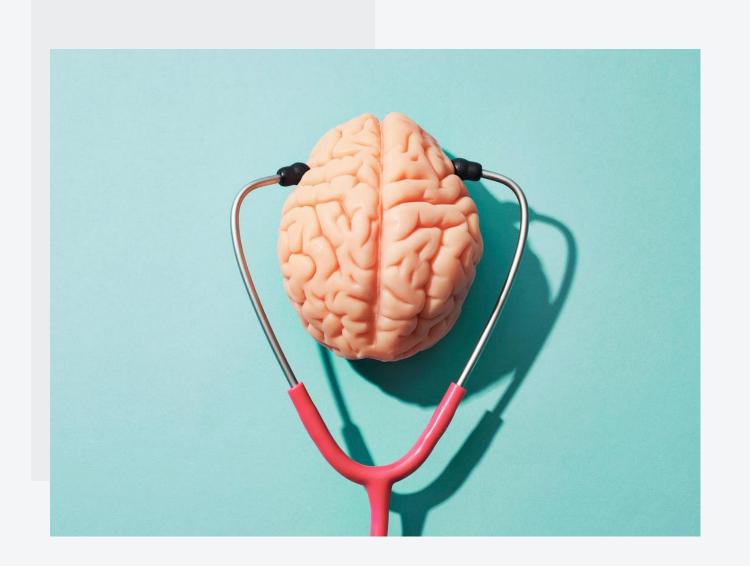
Mental Health is part of **Comprehensive PD Care**



<u>Untreated</u> mood symptoms can negatively affect quality of life and physical health.

Mental health treatments provides an <u>effective</u> non-medication option for improving quality of life while living with PD.

Routine mental health check-ups are a vital part of comprehensive PD care.



Summary